

VT-Global Strategic Services H-1B Information Sheet for Hiring Units

- 1. An individual can be in the US in H-1B status for up to **six years**, regardless of number of H-1B employers. There are some exceptions, depending on where the H-1B employee is in the permanent residency process. We will generally not be able to extend an H-1B beyond six years.
- The H-1B status is employer-specific, position specific, and worksite specific. To work in H-1B status with Virginia Tech, Virginia Tech must sponsor the individual with H-1B status. The H-1B employee may only work in the position and locations listed in the H-1B petition.
- 3. Per federal regulations, certain H-1B notices must be posted at ALL H-1B worksite locations, even remote/home worksites, and even if the employee will only work from there sporadically. If they will work even some from a home and they have not posted H-1B notices there for 10 days, contact VT-GSS immediately. They must post notices at any worksite before they can commence working from there. Some worksite changes require amendments with USCIS before the changes occur.
- 4. Material changes in H-1B employment require an H-1B amendment with USCIS BEFORE the changes occur. This is basically a new H-1B filing with new fees, and it takes several weeks to prepare. Contact VT-GSS and discuss potential changes beforehand. Examples of material changes:
 - a. **Promotions.** If the employee will have additional responsibilities and position requirements are different. Contact VT-GSS beforehand to assess whether we must amend the H-1B.
 - b. **Changes in position duties**. These include adding teaching duties to a research position, adding duties from another occupation to your position. Contact VT-GSS to assess ahead of time.
 - c. **Changes in hours per week**. Changing from part-time to full-time, or full-time to part-time.
 - d. **Changes in worksite location to new area of intended employment.** If the change is to a different area of intended employment that is not within normal commuting distance from the worksite(s) listed on the H-1B filing, USCIS considers this a material change that requires an amendment before the change occurs. This includes working from a home or remote worksite, or a third-party employer, in a different area of intended employment, even temporarily. We must determine whether the salary on the current H-1B meets the H-1B wage requirement, certain



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notices must be posted in the new location, and we must file an H-1B amendment before the employee begins to work there. <u>Contact VT-GSS ahead of time</u> so that we can assess whether the new position is within a different area of intended employment. Please do not assume that it is or is not.

- 5. Changes in worksite location within the same area of intended employment. Examples are moving from one building on the Blacksburg campus to another, or working from one apartment in Blacksburg and moving and working at a different apartment in Blacksburg. These changes do not require an H-1B amendment but they DO require new postings of the H-1B posting documents at the new location, before the H-1B employee can start working there. If an H-1B applicant originally posted documents at their home/remote worksite location and then move within the same city, they must repost documents and provide VT-GSS with documents to post and the posting confirmation sheet.
- 6. Separation/termination prior to H-1B end date. If an H-1B employee separates/leaves their employment at Virginia Tech before the expiration of their H-1B status, you MUST immediately notify VT-GSS before the separation. VT is required by federal regulation to notify USCIS and they revoke the VT H-1B petition, regardless of who initiated the separation. If Virginia Tech/hiring unit initiates the termination before the employee's H-1B status expires (due to any reason cause, lack of grant funding, etc.) then the hiring unit must also provide the H-1B employee with reasonable return costs to their home country, i.e., a one-way plane ticket home. VT-GSS has information about this process. Contact Jeffrey Van Doren (jvandoren@vt.edu; 540.231.3736) at VT-GSS in advance of separations that occur before the H-1B status expires.
- 7. Extension of H1B status. It is the responsibility of the H-1B employee and the hiring unit to contact VT-GSS to extend an employee's H-1B status. Contact VT-GSS six months prior to H-1B expiration date. If VT files an H-1B extension before the employee's current H-1B status expires, even if it is not approved prior to current H-1B expiration date, the employee may remain working in the H-1B position for 240 days beyond current H-1B I-94 record expiration date. The employee will work with Payroll to reverify the I-9, based on the H-1B extension receipt notice. However, to travel internationally and return to the US, the H-1B employee must have a valid, unexpired H-1B approval notice (in addition to the visa stamp/travel document).